## Field Theory and Mathematics Panel at the THE FUTURE OF PHYSICS Conference

## Saturday, October 9, 2004 Kavli Institute for Theoretical Physics

Moderator: Joseph Polchinski

Panelists: Hirosi Ooguri, Alexander Polyakov, Misha Shifman, Isadore Singer, Robert Sugar

#### M. Shifman:

Unlike some models whose relevance to Nature is still a big "?", Quantum Chromodynamics will stay with us forever.

QCD is a very rich theory supposed to describe the widest range of strong interaction phenomena: from nuclear physics to Regge behavior at large E, from color confinement to quark-gluon matter at high densities/temperatures (neutron stars); the vastest horizons of the hadronic world: chiral dynamics, glueballs, exotics, light and heavy quarkonia and mixtures thereof, exclusive and inclusive phenomena, interplay between strong forces and weak interactions, ... . The coupling constant can be strong or "medium" strong.

That is why I do not expect the full analytic solution to QCD to be found.

I am not a prophet, though, and have no direct line to God.<sup>1</sup> Therefore, in trying to make a prediction for the next 25 years, let me ask which breakthrough advances of nonperturbative QCD of today could have been forseen 25 years ago.

### By the year 1980:

- the OPE-based methods were on the rise;
- some crucial low-energy theorems shedding light on the QCD vacuum structure established;
  - dual Meissner effect for color confinement conjectured;
  - 1/N expansion as a useful classification tool suggested:
- SUSY gauge theories constructed and studied (almost exclusively, in the perturbative sector);
  - instantons/monopoles discovered;
  - hypothesis of the monopole-particle duality in  $\mathcal{N}=4$  put forward.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Speaking of prophets, let me mention Joseph Glanvill's book *Vanity of Dogmatizing*, published in London in 1661. In this book Joseph Glanvill, one of the founding members of Britain's Royal Society, writes: "To them that come after us it may be as ordinary to buy a pair of wings to fly into remotest Regions; as now a pair of Boots to ride a Journey. [...] The restauration of grey hairs to Juvenility, and renewing the exhausted marrow, may at length be effected without a miracle. And the turning of the now comparatively desert world into a Paradise, may not improbably be expected from late Agriculture." (The quotation courtesy of Lev Okun). The last prophecy, though, is still not quite *fait accompli* — for social rather than agricultural reasons.

This is all. Hints were there, but who could have guessed?

#### Now:

- OPE-based methods culminated in the 1990's;
- 1/N expansion became semi-quantitative in some problems;
- Triumph of SUSY-based methods for QCD cousins is unquestionable (A significant tool kit developed; the dual Meissner effect in  $\mathcal{N}=2^*$  proven! Dualities in  $\mathcal{N}=1$  discovered!);
- $\bullet$  String and QCD practitioners are finally talking to each other, to their mutual benefit. Strings  $\leftrightarrow$  QCD. E.g. SYM "D-branes" ... .

#### **Predictions:**

(indirectly depend on external factors, such as SUSY discovery at LHC,...)

- $\star$  SUSY-based methods will proliferate, allowing one to treat *closer* relatives of QCD, as well as important aspects of QCD *per se*;
- \*\* These methods will spread to some other strongly-coupled theories, e.g. those relevant to condensed matter physics;
- $\star\star\star$  The gap between string theories and *realistic* strong-coupling gauge theories will continue to narrow, with two-way exchange of ideas;
- $\star\star\star\star$  Combination of SUSY-based methods and 1/N expansion will grow into a powerful *quantitative* tool.

In summary, I expect a "hydrogen atom" of nonperturbative QCD to be found along these lines.

# Unlike models whose relevance to nature is? QCD will stay with us

# QCD is extremely rich:

- ★ Nuclear Physics
  - \* Regge behavior
    - $\bigstar$  QGM: high-T/high  $\mu$  (neutron stars)
      - Richness of the hadronic world:
- chiral;
- 🖈 light & heavy quarkonia;
- # glueballs & exotics;
- \* exclusive & inclusive phenomena;
- \* interplay between strong forces & weak interactions...

That's why I do not expect **FULL** analytic solution to QCD to be found

To normalize my predictions for next 25 years let me ask: "advances of nonpert. QCD forseen 25 years ago?"

By the year 1980:

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        ★ OPE-based methods on the rise (peaked in 90's);

        ★ Low-energy theorems (a few extra added in 90's);

        ★ Dual Meissner effect for confinement conjectured;

        ★ 1/N expansion → useful classification tool;

        ★ SUSY gauge field theories (pert);

        ★ Instantons & monopoles discovered

        ★ Monopole-particle duality in N=4 conjectured
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Now:

* 1/N became semi-quantitative;

* Triumph of SUSY-based methods for QCD cousins (e.g. N=2);

* Strings → QCD, e.g. SYM "D-branes";

* Dualities in gauge theories, sigma models ...
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## Predictions (indirectly depend on external factors, e.g. LHC):

SUSY-based methods will proliferate

Gap between strings and "realistic" gauge theories will narrow from both sides

Combination of SUSY and 1/N (or g<sub>st</sub>) will become a quantitative tool

Closer relatives of QCD

Aspects of QCD per se

Other str-coupl. theories/cond.matter

A "hydrogen atom" of nonperturbative QCD will be found along these lines